

Date Planned : __ / __ / __	Daily Tutorial Sheet - 9	Expected Duration : 90 Min
Actual Date of Attempt : __ / __ / __	Level - 2	Exact Duration : _____

111. $\int \frac{dx}{x(1+\sqrt[3]{x})^2}$ is equal to:
- (A) $3 \left(\log \frac{x^{1/3}}{1+x^{1/3}} + \frac{1}{1+\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) + C$ (B) $3 \left(\log \frac{1+\sqrt[3]{x}}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{1}{1+\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) + C$
- (C) $3 \left(\log \frac{1+\sqrt[3]{x}}{\sqrt[3]{x}} - \frac{1}{1+\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) + C$ (D) None of these
112. $\int \frac{dx}{x^{1/2}(1+x^2)^{5/4}}$ is equal to:
- (A) $\frac{-2\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt[4]{1+x^2}} + C$ (B) $\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt[4]{1+x^2}} + C$ (C) $\frac{-\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt[4]{1+x^2}} + C$ (D) $\frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt[4]{1+x^2}} + C$
113. $\int \frac{dx}{(1+x)^5 \sqrt{x^2+2x}} = \frac{-1}{8} \left(3\theta - 2\sin 2\theta + \frac{\sin 4\theta}{4} \right) + C$, where :
- (A) $\theta = \sin^{-1}(x+1)$ (B) $\theta = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1+x}\right)$
- (C) $\theta = 2 \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{1+x}\right)$ (D) None of these
114. If $f(x) = \int \frac{2+\sqrt{x}}{(x+1+\sqrt{x})^2} dx$ and $f(0) = 0$, then the value of $[f(4)]$ is: (where $[.]$ represents the greatest integer function).
- (A) 0 (B) 1 (C) 2 (D) 4
115. If $f(x) = \int \frac{(5x^4+4x^5)}{(x^5+x+1)^2} dx$ and $f(0) = 0$, then the value of $f(1)$ is:
- (A) 1 (B) $\frac{1}{2}$ (C) $\frac{1}{3}$ (D) $\frac{1}{5}$
116. For any natural number t , $\int (x^{3t} + x^{2t} + x^t) (2x^{2t} + 3x^t + 6)^{1/t} dx$ is :
- (A) $\frac{1}{6(t+1)} (2x^{3t} + 3x^{2t} + 6x^t)^{\frac{t+1}{t}} + C$ (B) $\frac{1}{6t} (2x^{2t} + 3x^t + 6x)^t + C$
- (C) $\frac{1}{t+1} (x^{3t} + x^{2t} + x^t)^2 + C$ (D) None of these

117. If $I^r(x)$ means $\log \log \log \dots x$, the log being repeated r times, then $\int [x I(x) I^2(x) I^3(x) \dots I^r(x)]^{-1} dx$ is equal to:

- (A) $I^{r+1}(x) + C$ (B) $\frac{I^{r+1}(x)}{r+1} + C$ (C) $I^r(x) + C$ (D) None of these

118. The value of :



$\int e^{\sec x} \cdot \sec^3 x (\sin^2 x + \cos x + \sin x + \sin x \cos x) dx$ is:

- (A) $e^{\sec x} (\sec^2 x + \sec x \tan x) + C$ (B) $e^{\sec x} + C$
(C) $e^{\sec x} (\sec x + \tan x) + C$ (D) None of these

119. The value of $\int \frac{ax^2 - b}{x \sqrt{c^2 x^2 - (ax^2 + b)^2}} dx$ is:

- (A) $\sin^{-1} \left(\frac{ax + \frac{b}{x}}{c} \right) + k$ (B) $\sin^{-1} \left(\frac{ax^2 + \frac{b}{x^2}}{c} \right) + k$
(C) $\cos^{-1} \left(\frac{ax + \frac{b}{x}}{c} \right) + k$ (D) $\cos^{-1} \left(\frac{ax^2 + \frac{b}{x^2}}{c} \right) + k$

120. $\int \frac{(x^2 - 1) dx}{x^3 \sqrt{2x^4 - 2x^2 + 1}}$ is equal to:

- (A) $\frac{\sqrt{2x^4 - 2x^2 + 1}}{x^2} + C$ (B) $\frac{\sqrt{2x^4 - 2x^2 + 1}}{x^3} + C$
(C) $\frac{\sqrt{2x^4 - 2x^2 + 1}}{x} + C$ (D) $\frac{\sqrt{2x^4 - 2x^2 + 1}}{2x^2} + C$